Unlocking the Complete Blood Count: Derivation of a Single-Panel Laboratory Test that includes Monocyte Distribution Width to Create a Universal Sepsis Screening Tool



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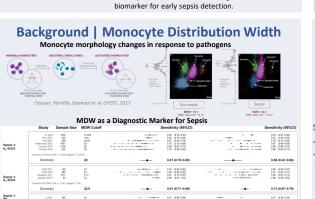


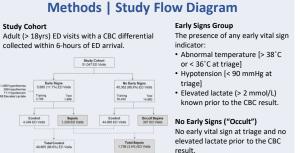


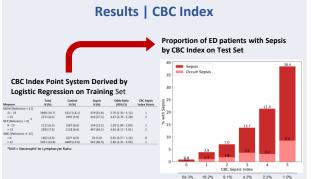
Unlocking the CBC for early detection of sepsis in the Emergency Department (ED) may have enormous impact, due to it's routine (and early) availability.

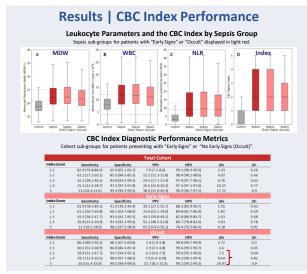
Monocyte Distribution Width (MDW) is a morphometric parameter that reflects variability in monocyte cell volume. It has emerged as a useful

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Conclusions

A CBC-based index that includes MDW was effective in early sepsis detection. Previous research found that MDW, WBC, and NLR in combination showed superior diagnostic performance than single parameters. In this study, a composite CBC Index was derived and tested. Diagnostic performance was strongest in the "occult" sepsis subgroup, representing the patients that are most often missed and suffer delays in care and are at increased risk of mortality.

Malinovska, Hinson, Levin et al., J Am Coll Emerg Physicians Open, 2022. Wayne et al. JAMA Netw Open, 2021. Filbin et al. Crit Care Med. 2018. Campanelli et al. BMJ Infect Dis. 2022.

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